

Modern Steel Construction's monthly *Steel Quiz* allows you to test your knowledge of steel design and construction. All references to LRFD specifications pertain to the 1999 *LRFD Specification for Structural Steel Buildings*, available as a free download from AISC's web site:

[www.aisc.org/lrfdspec](http://www.aisc.org/lrfdspec)

ASD references pertain to the 1989 *ASD Specification for Structural Steel Buildings*. Where appropriate, other industry standards are also referenced.

Anyone is welcome to submit questions for *Steel Quiz*—one question or 10! If you or your firm are interested in submitting a *Steel Quiz* question or column, contact ►

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This month's Steel Quiz was developed by the staff of AISC's Steel Solutions Center. Sharpen your pencils and go!

1. Is it necessary to remove the ceramic insulator from a stud shear connector in composite construction?

2. Where "unit price" is the basis of a contract, what is the usual method of calculating the weight of a standard structural shape?

3. Where "unit price" is the basis of a contract, what is the usual method of calculating the weight of a circular plate?

4. If a beam bears on top of a column, is there any unique requirement for bracing?

5. Can a steel beam totally encased in concrete without shear connectors always be considered to be interconnected for providing composite action?

6. When erecting a steel solid-web member (beam), how many bolts are required to secure the member before the load can be released from the hoist line?

7. When erecting a cantilever member, how many bolts are required to secure the member?

8. **Yes or No:** If a welded splice plate connection contains a filler plate of  $\frac{1}{4}$ " thickness, is the filler required to be extended beyond the edges of the splice plate and to be welded on the part to which it is fitted?

9. **Yes or No:** Is a reduction in design bolt strength necessary if a bolt that carries load passes through a filler plate that is  $\frac{1}{4}$ " thick?

10. What is the latest AISC document available for the design of single-angle members?

**Turn page for answers**

## Answers

**1.** Yes. "After welding, arc shields shall be broken free from studs to be embedded in concrete, and, where practical, from all other studs."—see AWS D1.1/D1.1M:2004.

**2.** "The weights of all Standard Structural Shapes shall be calculated using the normal weight per ft [mass per m] and the detailed overall length."—see 2000 AISC *Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges*, Section 9.2.2. (a).

**3.** "The weights of plates and bars shall be calculated using the detailed overall rectangular dimensions."—see 2000 AISC *Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges*, Section 9.2.2. (b).

**4.** Yes. Restraint against rotation about the longitudinal axis shall be provided at points of support. See 1999 AISC *LRFD Specification*, Section B6. Stability bracing is discussed and example details given starting on page 2-13 of the *LRFD Manual of Steel Construction*, Third Edition.

**5.** No. For an encased beam to be considered as composite the following must occur:

- Concrete cover over the beam sides and soffit is at least 2" (50mm).
- The top of the beam is at least 1½" (38 mm) below the top and two-in. (50 mm) above the bottom of the slab.
- Concrete encasement contains adequate mesh or other reinforcing steel to prevent spalling of concrete.

See Section I1 of the 1999 AISC *LRFD Specification* for concrete-encased beam requirements.

**6.** OSHA 1926.756 (a) (1).

**7.** A competent person shall determine if more than two bolts are necessary to ensure the stability of cantilevered members. See OSHA 1926.756 (a) (2).

**8.** Yes. "In welded construction, any filler ¼" (6 mm) or more in thickness shall extend beyond the edges of the splice plate and shall be welded to the part on which it is fitted with suffi-

cient weld to transmit the splice plate load, applied at the surface of the filler." See 1999 AISC *LRFD Specification*, Section J6.

**9.** No. "When a bolt that carries load passes through fillers that are equal to or less than ¼" (6 mm) thick, the design shear strength shall be used without reduction." See 1999 AISC *LRFD Specification*, Section J6.

**10.** *Load and Resistance Factor Design Specification for Single-Angle Members*, dated November 10, 2000. It is available as a free download at [www.aisc.org](http://www.aisc.org). ★

Do you have an idea for *Steel Quiz*?  
Send it to:

The logo for Steel SolutionsCenter, featuring the word "Steel" in a small font above "SolutionsCenter" in a larger, bold, blue font.

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